Levi Fisher Ames was born in Pennsylvania in 1840, and his family moved to Wisconsin when he was a young child. After fighting in the Union Army during the Civil War, Ames returned to Wisconsin to raise a family. He learned wood-carving skills during the war. Using these skills, Ames made and repaired wooden musical instruments and carved several hundred wooden animals over the years. In the 1890s, Ames took a selection of his imaginative carved menagerie, which he displayed in hinged shadow boxes, on a regional tent tour as the L.F. Ames Museum of Art.

Ames's wooden beasts and bugs, carved from life and his imagination, were passed down through his family. The works were given to Kohler Foundation, Inc., in 2001 to be conserved and gifted to the John Michael Kohler Arts Center after their conservation.

Albert Zahn lived in Door County, Wisconsin, for most of his adult life. Although little is known of his childhood in Germany, Zahn remembered that he began to whittle while working as a shepherd in Germany. When Zahn was fifteen years old, he immigrated with his parents, brother, and sister to Wisconsin. In 1891, he married Louise, and together they raised nine children on the family homestead in Forestville, Wisconsin.

Zahn maintained a successful dairy farm. He collected walnut, black ash, pine, and white cedar from the woods surrounding his home to use for furniture making. Zahn's utilitarian works, such as wardrobes, tables, and chairs, included imagery of animals similar to the carvings he created later in his life.

In 1924, Zahn gave his farm to his eldest son, Albert Jr., and moved with his wife and two of his children to a house he built in Baileys Harbor, Wisconsin. He spent his days carving woodland animals, birds, angels, and characters from local stories. His wife, Louise, painted the sculptures with house paint. Zahn attached carvings of birds and other creatures, such as deer, to the outside of their home. He named his art environment Birds Park. By the early 1930s, hundreds of carved flying creatures dotted the house and yard, and it was a well-known Door County attraction.
**Menagerie**
A collection of wild animals kept in captivity for people to look at.

**Regional Tent Tour**
Common in the 1800s and early 1900s, regional tent tours were shows or exhibits that took place in large tents and would travel to different towns.

**Immigrate**
Move permanently to another country.

**Utilitarian**
An object that has a specific function.

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**Literacy Link to the Arts**

*Spots in a Box* by Helen Ward tells the story of a guinea fowl who did not have spots. He writes a letter asking for spots to be sent to him and receives many packages in the mail containing different types of spots and patterns for him to try.

Visit [socialstudio.space](http://socialstudio.space) to watch a video in English or Spanish of JMKAC staff and volunteers reading *Spots in a Box*.

**Keep exploring!**
Visit [jmkac.org/art-preserve/collections](http://jmkac.org/art-preserve/collections) to see more work by Albert Zahn and Levi Fisher Ames.

Use the coloring sheet found on [socialstudio.space](http://socialstudio.space) to create patterns inside the outlines of flying creatures Zahn and Ames created.

Write a story about one or more of your creatures. Where are they from and what makes them unique?

Invite friends and family to learn about your creatures just like Levi Fisher Ames did at the L.F. Ames Museum of Art!